

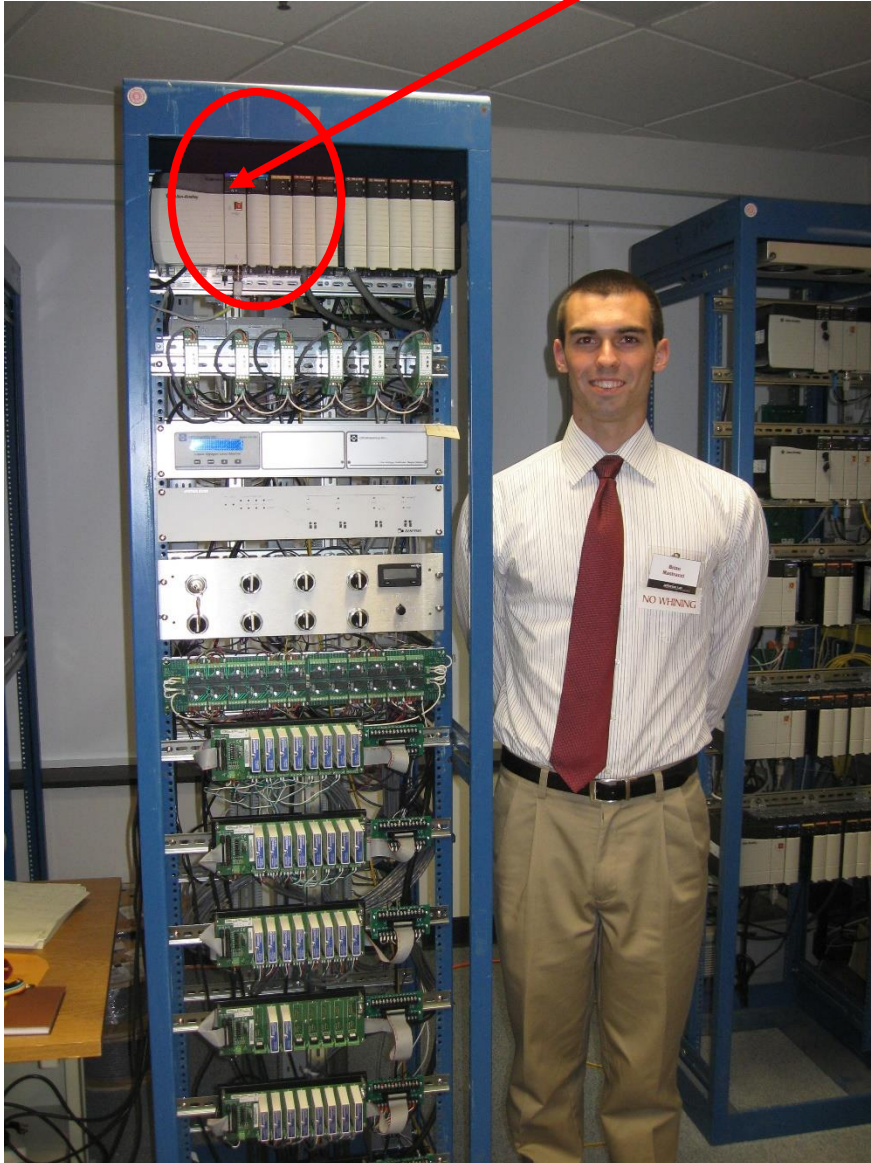
SHMS Q1 Radiation Damage

Jan 24, 2022
Hall C meeting
Steven Lassiter

Recent Log Activity Jan 11 to Jan 22 2022

Date	Log Entry	Event	Corrective Action
1-11-22	3970550	SHMS Q1 Right Current Lead Mass flow	Valve and Controller replaced
1-17-22	3972848	SHMS Shower High Voltage Alarms	Shower card replaced
1-17-22	3972956	HMS Q1 Interlock	PSU power cycled
1-18-22	3973740	SHMS Q1 ControlNet Module (inside Hut) 8.40 Deg	Power cycled ControlNet
1-20-22	3974398	SHMS Q1 Left Current Lead Mass Flow controller	Valve and controller replaced
1-20-22	3974431	SHMS Angle drift (NEW event)	Power cycled rotation rack (encoder module)
1-20-22	3974486	SHMS Q1 Right Current Lead Mass flow (showing signs of blockage?)	Valve position is nearly twice what it should be
1-20-22	3974559	SHMS Q1 ControlNet Module (inside Hut) 6.17 Deg Comment on Beam position needed checked	Power cycled ControlNet
1-21-22	3974742	SHMS Q1 vacuum interlocks PSU	Beam off until vacuum recovered and re-steered
1-21-22	3974420	Radcon's full survey map of Hall C	
1-22-22	3975749 3975752 3975757	HMS Q2 Vacuum HMS Q3 Vacuum SHMS Transfer Line Vacuum	Lots of Vacuum issues going on. Some instrumental some real.

ControlNet Module Failure Inside SHMS Shed Hut Electronics Room



The screenshot shows a control interface for SHMS. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Rotation, SHMS Q1, SHMS Q2, SHMS Q3, SHMS Dipole, SHMS HB, SHMS CL, SHMS Q2, SHMS Q3, SHMS Dipole, Shutter, Spectrometer Vacuum, and UPS. The main display area is divided into several sections:

- SHMS**: Displays fields (HB, Q1, Q2, Q3, D) with values and units (KG, T). It also shows current (I (A)) and LHe (%) Ln2 (%) for various components.
- HMS**: Displays fields (Q1, Q2, Q3, D) with values and units (T). It also shows current (I (A)) and LHe (%) Ln2 (%) for various components.
- Spectrometer Rotation**: Shows a diagram of the spectrometer and rotation parameters.
- SHMS Q1 Interlock**: A detailed window showing various interlock status indicators, including Fast Discharge, Slow Discharge, Interlock, and various detector and sensor errors.

The interlock window shows a "1376.9 Amps" reading and a "Print" button. The bottom of the screen shows a Windows taskbar with the search bar and system tray.

Over the last 7 years, this only occurs during Beam on Conditions and under high radiation conditions.

Rotation Modules in Control Rack

SHMS Angle's read back started to drift after a rotation.
 Power cycling the Encoder and the rotation rack reset the unit.

First occurrence of this happening,

The screenshot shows the 'Spectrometer Rotation' control interface. At the top, it displays the date and time: 1/20/2022 10:08:36 AM. A large red banner in the center reads 'Emergency Stop Detected' with a 'Reset' button below it. To the left is a diagram of the spectrometer rotation mechanism. Below the diagram are several status sections:

- Emergency Stop:**
 - Local Emergency Stop Push Button
 - Counting House HMS Emergency Stop
 - Counting House SHMS Emergency Stop
 - Separation Angle Limit Switch
- HMS:**
 - Encoder
 - Moved while SHMS was Rotating
 - Forward Limit Switch
 - Reverse Limit Switch
- SHMS:**
 - Encoder
 - Moved while HMS was Rotating
 - Forward Limit Switch
 - Reverse Limit Switch

On the right side, there are two angle readouts:

HMS Angle 43.630 Min: 11.00 Max: 65.00	SHMS Angle 6.240 Min: 5.50 Max: 38.00
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Below these are buttons for 'HMS Selected' (green) and 'Select SHMS' (grey). A 'Rotate To:' field shows '44.37' with a 'Type in angle Press Enter' prompt. Below that are 'Reset' and 'Push to Enable' buttons.

At the bottom right, there are several status indicators:

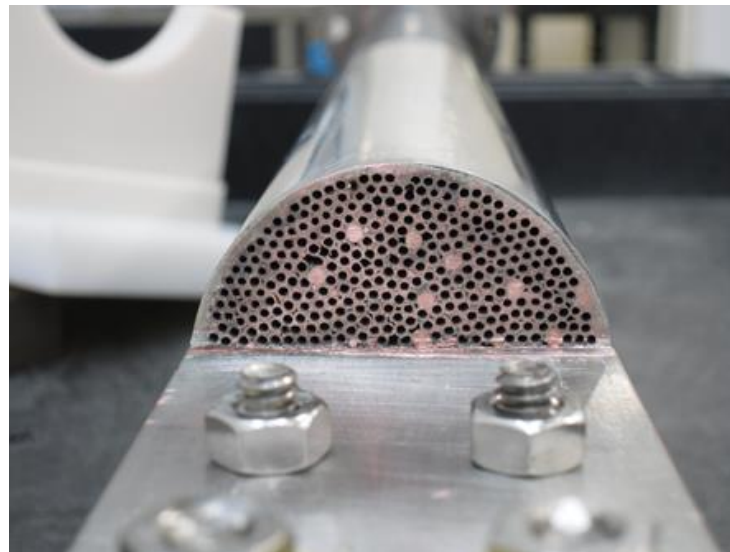
- Power On
- Local
- Remote
- Auto
- Manual
- HMS:**
 - at Angle
 - Forward
 - Reverse
- SHMS:**
 - at Angle
 - Forward
 - Reverse
- Forward Prox.
- Fwd. Limit Switch
- Reverse Prox.
- Rev. Limit Switch
- Drive Controller
- Drive Controller
- Bypass switch
- Bypass switch

At the bottom left is a 'Print' button. At the bottom center is an 'HMI Alive' indicator (green). At the bottom right are three status indicators: PLC UPS, HMS UPS, and SHMS UPS.

Concerns of radiation damage to a SC magnet

- Coil/conductor insulation, varnish coatings and B-stage epoxy breakdown leading to exposed conductor and internal shorts.
- Current leads, mass flow meters/controllers and JT valves becoming blocked from debris.
- Breakdown of superinsulation leads to higher heat load on Magnet and cryo system.
- Multiple instruments and equipment failures occurring, leading to beam down time and expensive repairs. Toll on technical staff for constant repairs.
- Magnet and cryo Controls being effected as well. Loss of magnet controls can effect other magnets, other Experimental halls and Cryo plant.
- Activation of hardware. Too hot to handle and/or ship parts back for repairs.
- No spare SC magnets. Lead time for a new magnet >5 years. Loss of magnet = loss of spectrometer.

Current Leads could become plugged from degradation of insulating material and B-stage binder material of the coils



Current Lead Mass Flow Controller

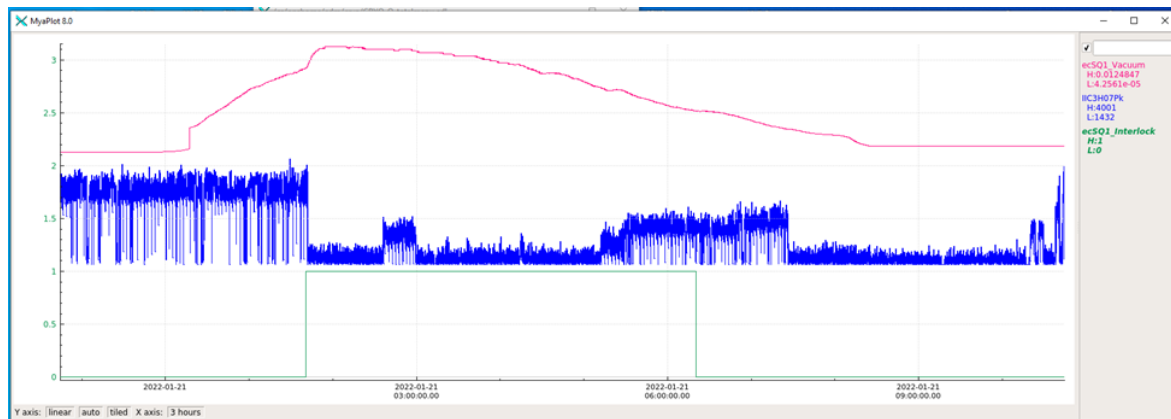
- The Current Lead's Helium Mass flow controllers are mounted upstream of the current leads and have a finer mesh screen/pressure plate that the Helium gas passes through. This screen can be contaminated or clogged with B-stage or Kapton residue.
- Both meters were replaced. Right meter now shows signs of blockage as it's open position is nearly twice of the others to obtain the same flow.

O-rings deteriorate to tar
CVI (or PHPK) O-ring leads to loss of vacuum in U-tubes and transfer
Lines

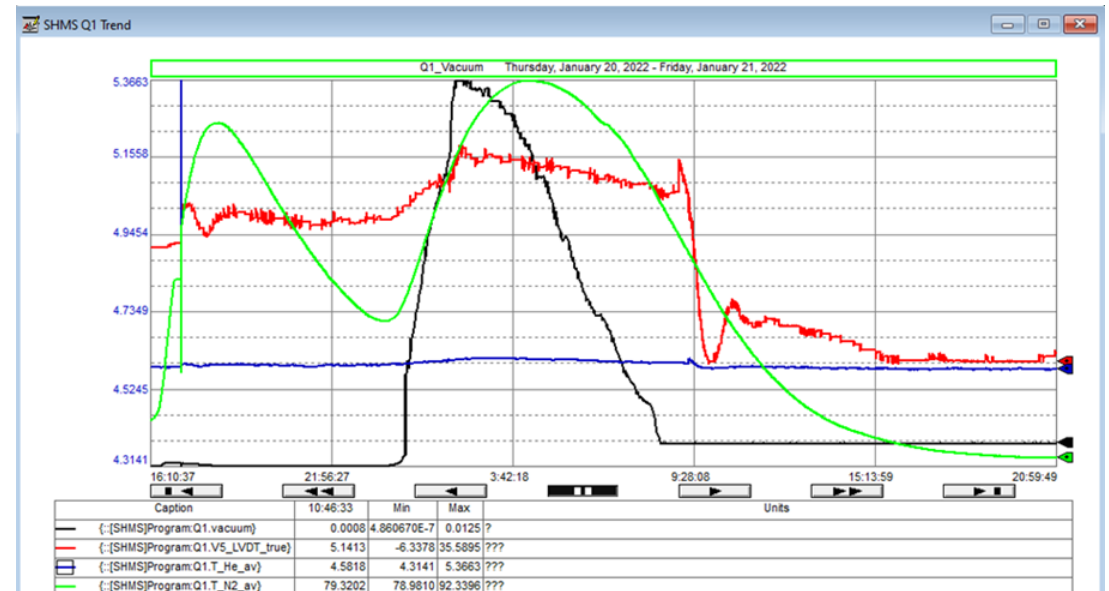


Evidence of Beam Radiation on Heating and Vacuum - Jan 21, 2022

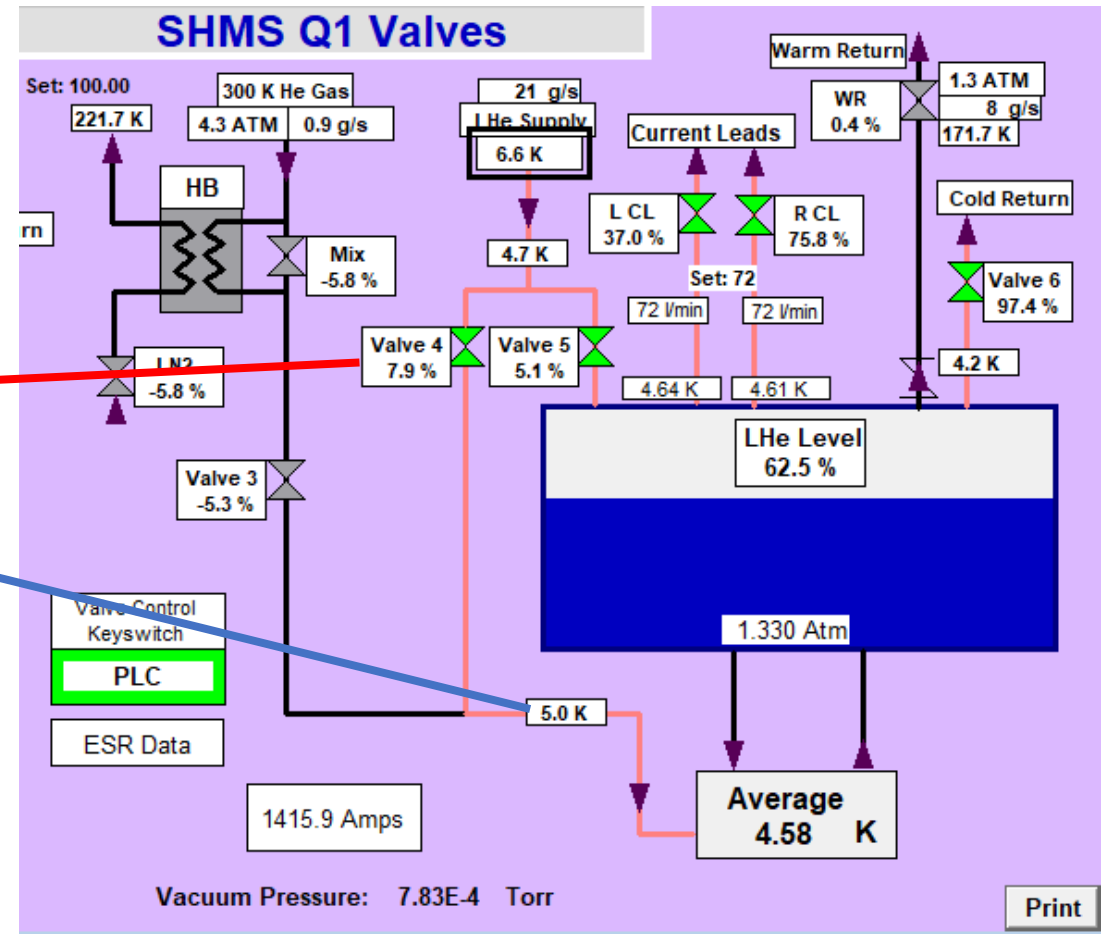
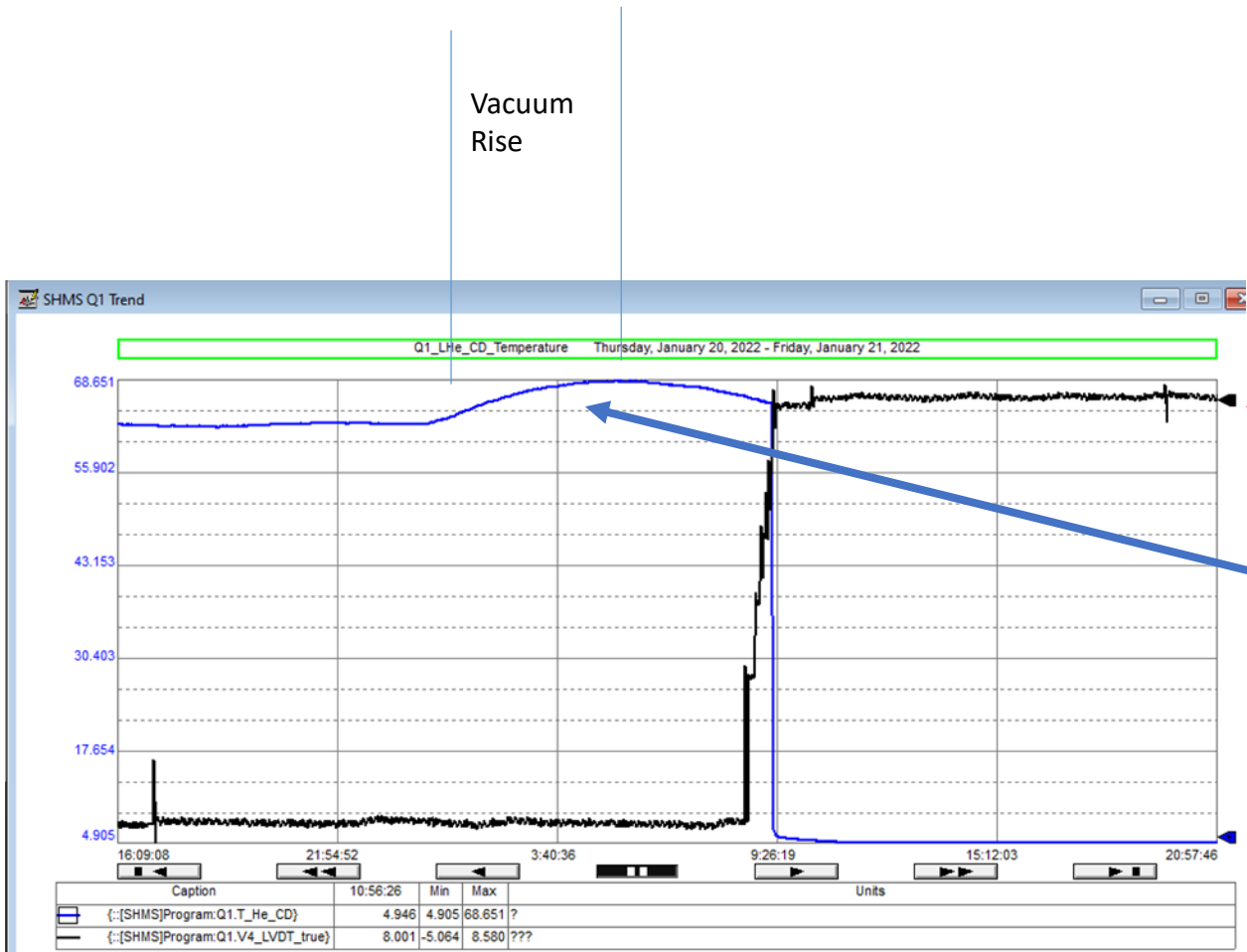
Vacuum Rise and recovery along with Beam Delivery



He and LN2 temps, Vacuum and JT (He supply) during same time period



Took the additional step of using the Bottom Fill JT to cool more internal piping for additional Cryo-pumping capacity.



SHMS Q1 Signage Degradation

Area is between flanges labeled (BP2) and (BP3)

June, 2021



Nov 13, 2021



Jan 21, 2021



Survey Data July 14, 2021

July 14, 2021
Primarily setup for
SHMS at 5.5 deg

OD= 73.0 mm
ID = 62.7 mm
X= mm
Y= mm
Z = mm

OD= 273.1 mm
ID = 254.5 mm
X= mm
Y= mm
Z = mm

OD= 323.9 mm
ID = 303.2 mm
X= mm
Y= mm
Z = mm

DS TGT FLG
(1)

OD= 42.7 mm
ID = 37.0 mm
X= -2.5 mm
Y= 0.2 mm
Z = 674.4 mm

BP @ TGT FLG
(2)

OD= 70.1 mm
ID = 41.3 mm
X= -10.6 mm
Y= -0.5 mm
Z = 728.0 mm

BP2
(3)

OD= 51.0 mm
ID = 41.3 mm
X= -7.9 mm
Y= -1.7mm
Z = 2497.5 mm

BP3
(4)

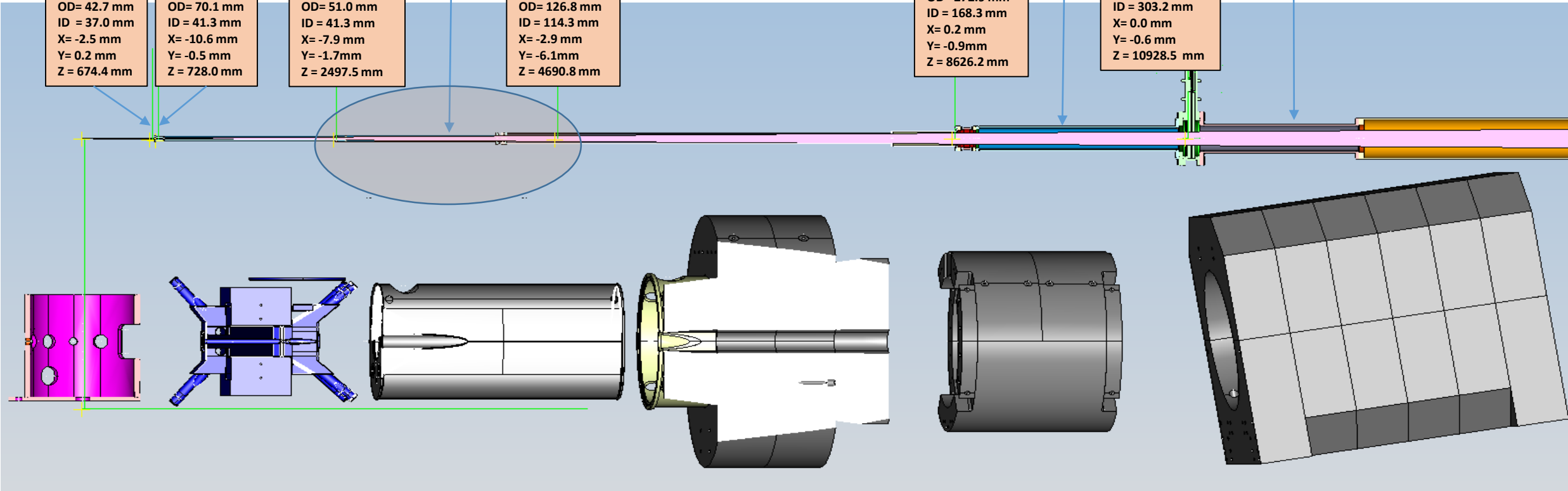
OD= 126.8 mm
ID = 114.3 mm
X= -2.9 mm
Y= -6.1mm
Z = 4690.8 mm

US BELLOWS FLG
(5)

OD= 272.9 mm
ID = 168.3 mm
X= 0.2 mm
Y= -0.9mm
Z = 8626.2 mm

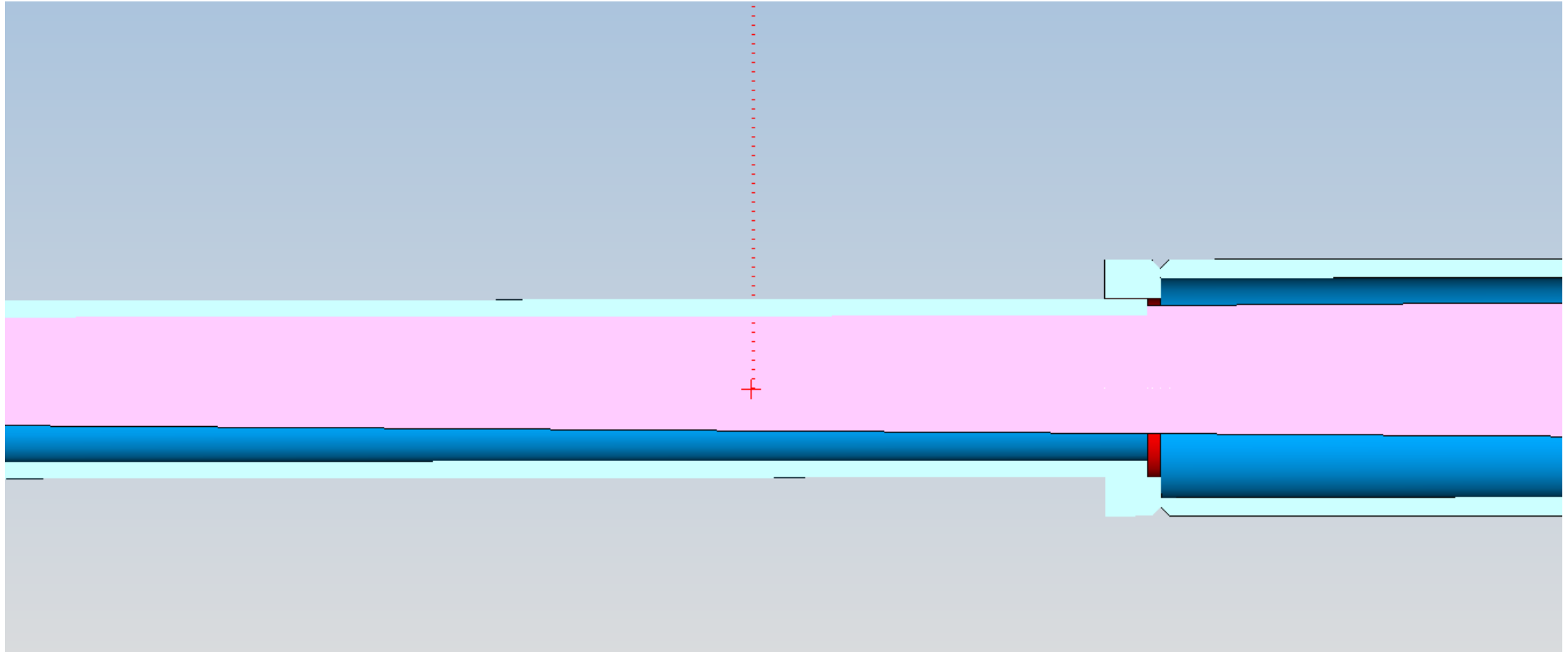
US GATE VALVE FLG
(6)

OD= 597.3 mm
ID = 303.2 mm
X= 0.0 mm
Y= -0.6 mm
Z = 10928.5 mm



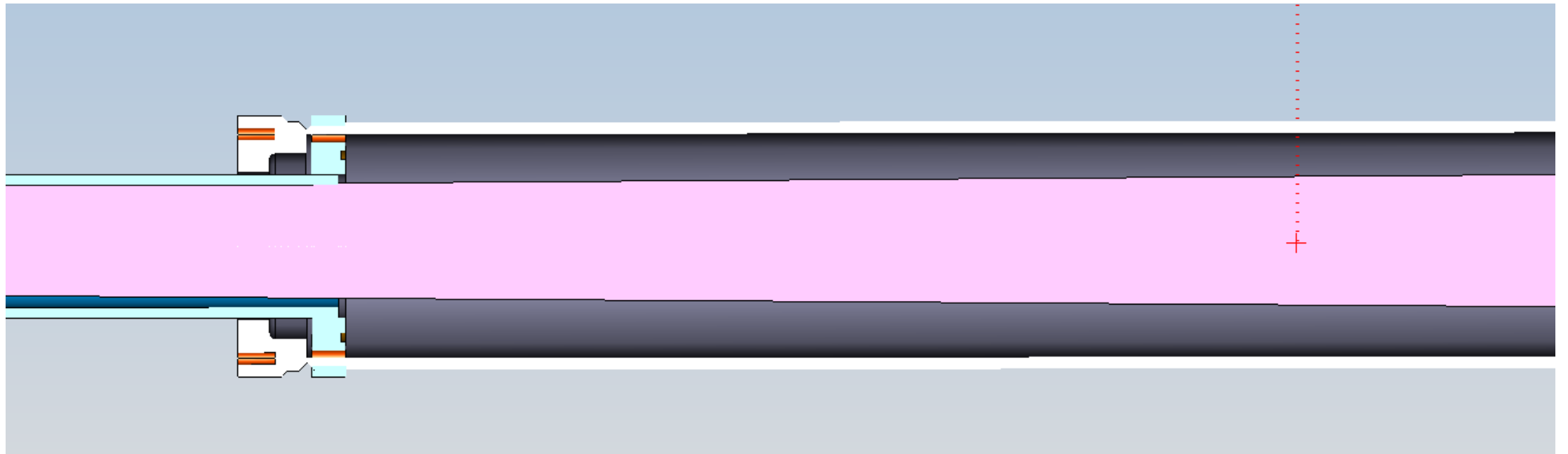
BP2

Beam pipe shown aligned to vector define by points (2) and (3)



BP3

Beam pipe shown aligned to vector define by points (2) and (3)

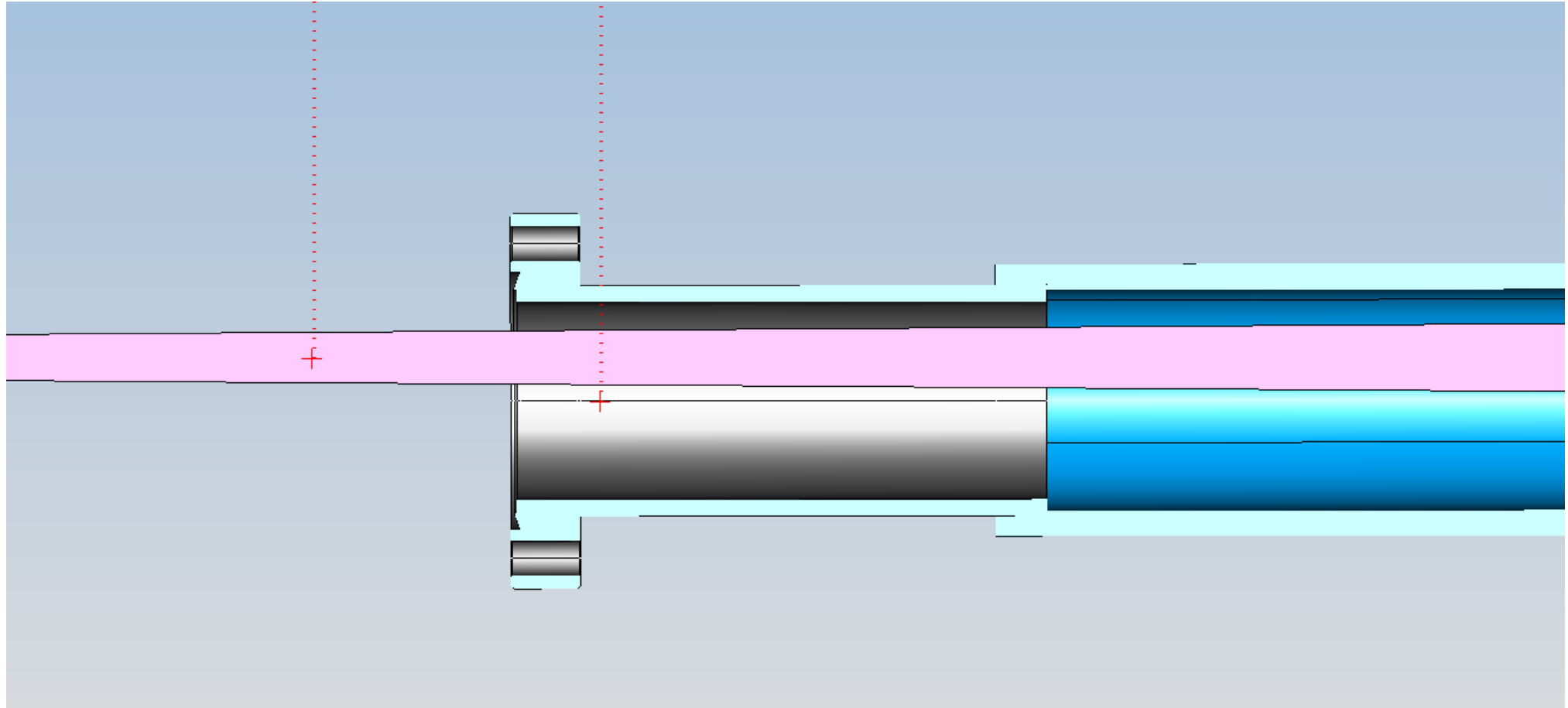


Conclusion

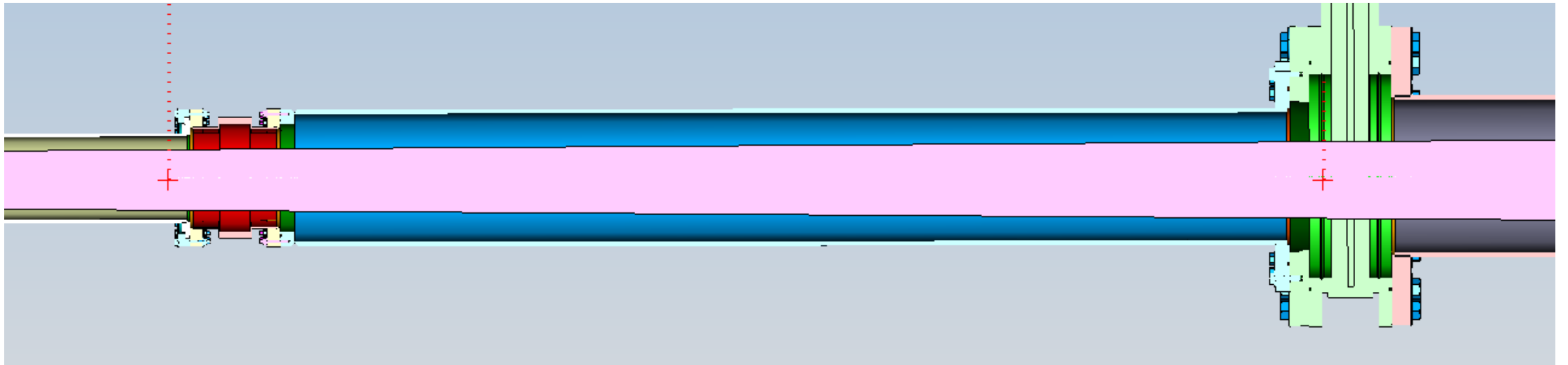
- SHMS Q1 turns out to be a good beam position device.
- Not good for the health and reliability of the Magnet.
- Additional Beam loss monitors should be installed between HB and Q1, on the SHMS deck if possible. Designers will look into space restraints.
- Once the SHMS Q1 magnet fails, that is the end of the SHMS, unless a d-QQD optical tunes is acceptable.
- HB (d) is probably suffering as well.

Backup on Beam pipe

DS-TGT-FLG and BP@ TGT FLG data points
with beam centered at DS-TGR-FKG point
Beam pipe shown aligned to vector define by points (2) and (3)



US BELLOWS FLG
US BELLOWS FLG (5) and US GATE VALVE FLG (6) data points
with beam centered at DS-TGR-FKG point
Beam pipe shown aligned to vector define by points (2) and (3)



Hall C Downstream Beam Line Measurements

